

Semiclassical Fermion Densities for Many-Fermion Systems

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- Many-fermion system
 - Schrödinger equation
 - Not exactly solvable in general for large N
- DFT: particle density $n(\mathbf{r})$ is enough
- Solution: Approximation of $n(\mathbf{r})$

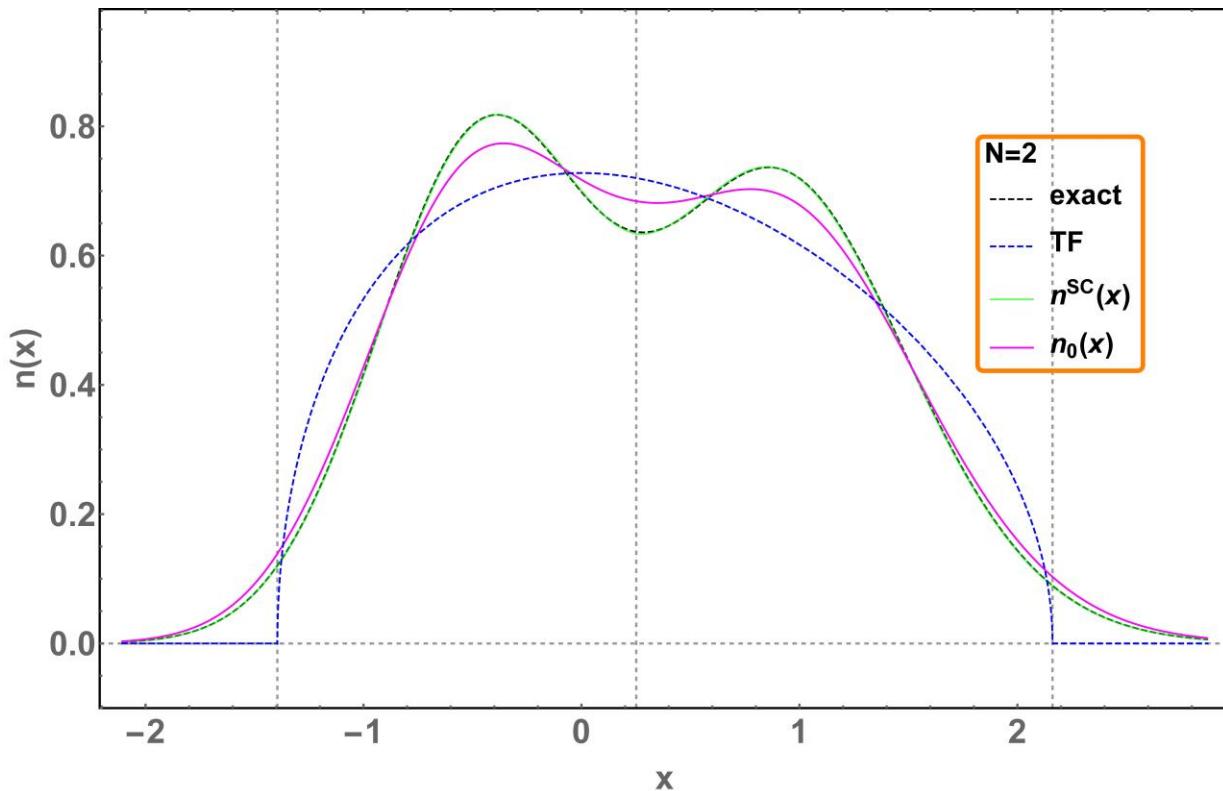
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- Ribeiro et al. [PRL **114**, 050401 (2015)]
 - Modified WKB approximation

$$n^{sc}(x) = \underbrace{\frac{p_\mu(x)}{\hbar\sqrt{z}} [z \operatorname{Ai}^2(-z) + \operatorname{Ai}'^2(-z)]}_{n_0(x)} \Bigg|_{z=z_\mu(x)} + (\text{1st order correction})$$

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- Ribeiro et al. [PRL **114**, 050401 (2015)]



1D Morse Potential
2 fermions
Spin-polarised

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- Ribeiro et al. [PRL **114**, 050401 (2015)]
 - Difficult to extend to higher dimensions
- Aim: Semiclassical approximation
 - Extendable to higher dimensions
 - Applicable to non-isotropic potentials
 - Include interactions

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- Particle density:

$$n(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{\mu} dE \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dT e^{\frac{iET}{\hbar}} \underbrace{\langle \mathbf{r} | e^{-\frac{iHT}{\hbar}} | \mathbf{r} \rangle}_{K(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}; T)}$$

- Suzuki-Trotter (ST) decomposition:

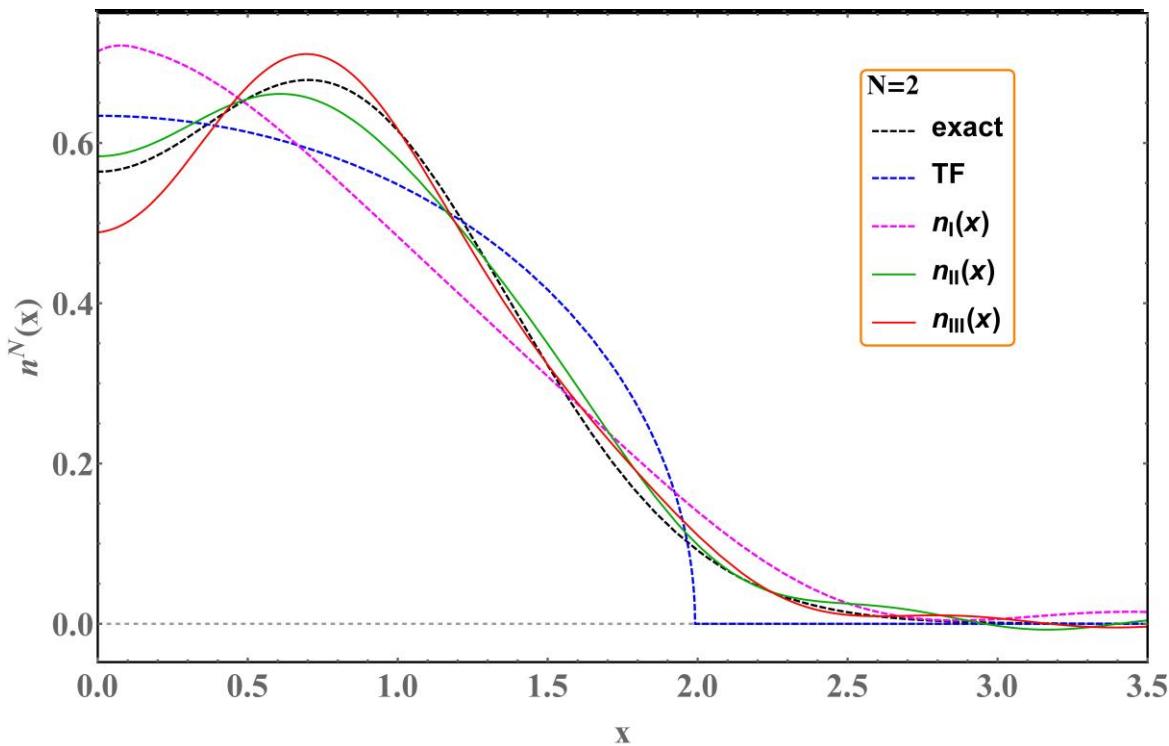
$$\text{I. } e^{-\frac{iHT}{\hbar}} \cong e^{-\frac{iTP^2}{\hbar 4m}} e^{-\frac{iT}{\hbar} V(R)} e^{-\frac{iTP^2}{\hbar 4m}}$$

$$\text{II. } e^{-\frac{iHT}{\hbar}} \cong e^{-\frac{iT}{\hbar} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \right) \frac{P^2}{2m}} e^{-\frac{iT}{\hbar} V(R)} e^{-\frac{iT}{\hbar} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \right) \frac{P^2}{2m}}$$

$$\text{III. } e^{-\frac{iHT}{\hbar}} \cong e^{-\frac{iT}{\hbar} \frac{1}{6} \frac{P^2}{2m}} e^{-\frac{iT}{\hbar} \frac{V(R)}{2}} e^{-\frac{iT}{\hbar} \frac{2}{3} \frac{P^2}{2m}} e^{-\frac{iT}{\hbar} \frac{V(R)}{2}} e^{-\frac{iT}{\hbar} \frac{1}{6} \frac{P^2}{2m}}$$

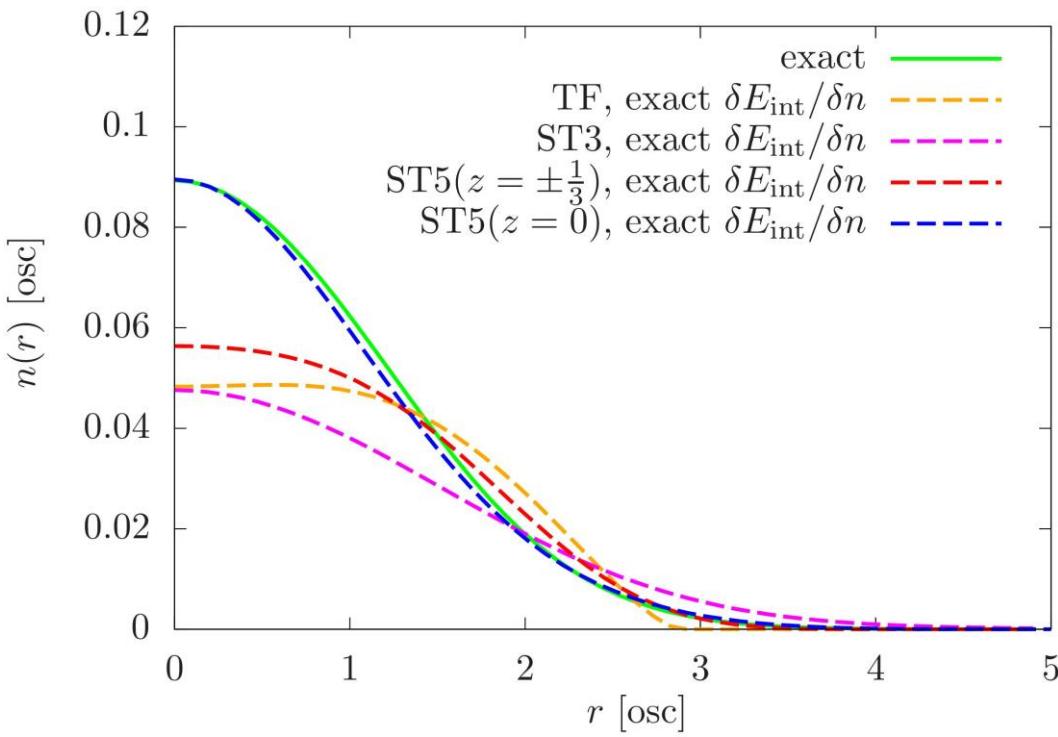
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- Suzuki-Trotter decomposition:



1D Harmonic Oscillator
2 fermions
Spin-polarised

- Suzuki-Trotter decomposition:
 - Preliminary results



3D Hooke's atom
2 fermions

$$H = -\frac{1}{2}(\nabla_1^2 + \nabla_2^2) + \frac{1}{8}(r_1^2 + r_2^2) + \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}_2|}$$

Upcoming tasks

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- Self-consistent Hooke's atom
- Other ST decomposition
- Average over different ST decomposition
- Benchmark with other exact results

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Thank you